

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

The leading information and knowledge resource on fire, electrical and related hazards

Fax: 1-617-984-7478

Don't hesitate to contact us: Toll Free: 1-800-343-8890

Questions?

TO SAVE YOUR ANSWERS

Close your browser at any time while taking the survey; your answers will be saved automatically.

When you login to the survey again, you will return to where you left off.

TO PRINT YOUR ANSWERS:

Click the Print button at the bottom of the page.

ENTERING NUMBERS: no commas or symbols (\$, %)

FAQ

Please verify the name and contact information for the Fire Chief:

Fire Chief Name: JEFF DEGRAFFENREID [No Reply]

Fire Chief email:

Fire Chief phone: 913-971-7900

Organization: OLATHE FIRE DEPARTMENT

Address 1: 1225 SOUTH HAMILTON CIRCLE

City, State, Zip: OLATHE, KS 66061

Is this information correct?

Yes

No

Please provide the correct contact information below.

		74	
Fire Chief first name		Jeff	
Fire Chief last name		T	
rife Chief last flame		DeGraffenreid	
Fire Chief email		[m]	
Fire Chief phone	913-971-7900		xxx-xxx-xxxx
Organization		Olathe Fire Department	
A dalue and		F ⁽²⁾	
Address1		1225 S Hamilton Circle	
Address2			
City		Olathe	
State		KS •	

Zip code	66061		
Name of person completing form	Kristine Martin		
Rank / Title	Fire Analyst		
NFIRS FDID	J0101		
E-mail address	913-971-7900		
Phone			
Would your Fire Chief like to share your 2 • Yes	O16 Fire Experience Survey results with yo	our state Fire Marshal or NFIRS manager? Prefer not to answer	
		ercentages, etc.). <i>Do not use symbols (% or</i> l <u>ly</u> , or you will get an error message instruc	r \$) or punctuation (commas, decimal points) ting you to enter a valid response.
leave blank. Only in instances of unava empty do indicate data is unavailable fo			the state of the s
_		ice Personnel. ar differed from authorized strength, give the din fire fighting) only.	he actual figure. Count all firefighters,
Number of Full-time (career) Uniform Firefight	ers: 122	How many are female? 3	must be < = the number of Full-time Uniform Firefighters
Number of Active Part-time (call or volunteer)		How many are female?	must be < = the number of Active Part- time Firefighters
Confirm data is complete, or is unava	ilable for any field(s) above left empty.		
		Number of all Firefighters by Age Gre	oup (Career, Call, or Volunteer):

Under 20	0
20 - 29	18
30 - 39	40
40 - 49	43
50 - 59	21
60 and Over	0
Unknown	0
TOTAL Firefighters	should sum to 122

Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left empty.

General Instructions.

- To assist fire departments using reporting systems in a state system as part of NFIRS, data classifications are identified for the various questions throughout the form.
- For this study, fire experience for calendar year 2016 is requested.

Does the data reported on this form cover the time period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016?

Yes

No

- Report fire experience only for areas where you had primary responsibility. Do not include areas where you had mutual aid or assistance responsibilities.
- If the answer to a given question is zero, enter the numeral 0. For questions that require a numeric response (for example, dollar amounts) enter numbers only. Do not enter symbols (\$, %), commas, or decimal points.
- If you do not keep the records necessary to answer a question—data is not available—leave the box empty.

Definitions.

These definitions will be available throughout the survey as pop-ups (by hovering over the term in purple font with your cursor).

<u>Civilian Casualties:</u> The term "civilian" should include anyone other than a firefighter and covers public service personnel, such as police officers, civil defense staff, non-fire service medical personnel, and utility company employees.

Injury: Physical damage suffered by a person as a direct result of fire and that requires (or should require) treatment by a practitioner of medicine (physician, nurse, paramedic, EMT) within one year of the incident (regardless of whether treatment was actually received), or results in at least one day of restricted activity immediately

following the incident.

Death: An injury that occurred as a direct result of a fire and that is fatal or becomes fatal within one year.

Incident: The movement of a piece of fire service apparatus or equipment in response to an alarm.

<u>Fires:</u> Any instance of uncontrolled burning. Include combustion explosions and fires out on arrival. Exclude controlled burning (whether authorized or not), overpressure rupture without combustion, mutual aid responses, smoke scares, and hazardous condition responses (e.g., oil spill without fire).

Mutual Aid or Assistance: Any assistance rendered to another fire department in an area that is not your primary responsibility.

Structure: An assembly of materials forming a construction for occupancy or use in such a manner as to serve a specific purpose. A building is a form of a structure. Open platforms, bridges, roof assemblies over open storage or process areas, tents, air-supported structures, and grandstands are other forms of a structure.

Fires in Highway Vehicles and Other Vehicles: Fires in these instances may have been associated with an accident; however, casualties and property loss reported should be the direct result of the fire only. Highway vehicles include any vehicle designed to normally operate on highways, e.g., automobiles, motorcycles, buses, trucks, trailers (not mobile homes on foundations), etc. Other vehicles include trains, boats and ships, aircraft, farm, and construction vehicles.

<u>Property Damage and Contents:</u> Give your best estimate for overall direct loss – loss of contents, structure, machinery, a vehicle, vegetation (like crops or forest plantations or woodlands) or anything else involved in the fire. Fire loss includes contents damage by fire, smoke, water and overhaul. Construction cost resources and references such as the <u>ICC Building Valuation Data (BVD) formula (construction types)</u> or <u>RS Means Cost data</u> can be used in this fire loss calculation. Do not include indirect losses, such as business interruption, or temporary. When a value is not known, it is preferable to leave the fields blank.

PART I: Population and Area Protected of Primary Responsibility and Community Type Protected

Report the number of people (permanent residents) and the area you had primary responsibility to protect during 2016. Do not count populations or areas to which you responded under mutual aid or assistance agreements. Include populations of neighboring areas only if you had primary responsibility for their fire protection. Do not include seasonal populations (e.g., vacationers), or daytime working populations.

Number of people (permanent residents) your department had primary responsibility to protect during 2016: (exclude mutual aid areas)

136399

Area protected in square miles your department had primary responsibility to protect during 2016: (exclude mutual aid areas)

61.74

Please check the one box that best describes the community and population you had primary responsibility to protect during 2016.

- a portion of a city or town
- a whole city or town
- a township
- a whole city or town plus surrounding areas or communities
- a major portion of a county
- an entire county
- other

Percentage of population protected that lives in an unincorporated area (e.g., 0%, 12%, 100%):

0	%

Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left empty.

PART II: Major Fires

Please list below all multiple-death fires (3 or more deaths), and all large-loss fires (\$1 million or more) that occurred in 2016. If none, please list below the three highest loss of life fires (if any) during 2016 and also the three fires with the highest property damage.

Date mm/dd/yyyy	Name Of Occupant or Owner, Property Use, and Address (e.g., Smith Dwelling, 119 Pleasant St., or Central Building Supply Co., 112 Main St.)	Number of Civilian Fire Deaths	
06/26/16	Avignon Apartments, 14316 W 118th Court	0	4000000
4/25/16	The Edge at Olathe, 12263 S Strang Line Road	0	1250000
:::-			
:::			

Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left empty.

PART III: Breakdown of Structure Fires and Other Fires and Incidents

Departments using NFIRS 5.0 will find incident type (IT), and the <u>Property Use (PU) codes</u> for each category in parentheses. For lines 1 to 13, Section A structure fires include incident type 110–129.

		Number of Fires	Number of Civilian Fire Casualties (if none, enter 0) Deaths	Number of Civilian Fire Casualties (if none, enter 0) Injuries	Estimated Property Damage and Contents from Fire (\$) (if no loss, enter 0)
1.	Private Dwellings (1 or 2 family), including mobile homes (PU 419)	55	0	1	920426
2.	Apartments (3 or more families) (PU 429)	22	0	0	5394270
3.	Hotels and Motels (PU 449)	2	0	0	20000
4.	All Other Residential (dormitories, boarding houses, tents, etc.) (PU 400, 439, 459–499)	1	0	0	200
	TOTAL RESIDENTIAL FIRES (Sum of lines 1 through 4)	80	0	1	6334896
5.	Enter the TOTAL RESIDENTIAL FIRES number from the yellow box above	80	0	1	6334896
6.	Public Assembly (church, restaurant, clubs, etc.) (PU100–199)	3	0	0	18000
7.	Schools and Colleges (PU 200–299)	1	0	0	75000
8.	Health Care and Penal Institutions (hospitals, nursing homes, prisons, etc.) (PU 300–399)	0	0	0	0
9.	Stores and Offices (PU500–599)	2	0	0	115000
10.	Industry, Utility, Defense, Laboratories, Manufacturing (PU 600–799)	0	0	0	0
11.	Storage in Structures (barns, vehicle storage garages, general storage, etc.) (PU 800-899)	0	0	0	0
12.	Other Structures (outbuildings, bridges, etc.) (PU 900–999)	2	0	0	1000
	TOTALS FOR STRUCTURE FIRES (Sum of lines 5 through 12)	88	0	1	6543896
13.	Enter the TOTAL STRUCTURE FIRES number from the yellow box above	88	0	1	6543896
14a.	Fires in Highway Vehicles (autos, trucks, buses, etc.) (IT 131-132, 136-137)	33	0	0	476897
14b.	Fires in Other Vehicles (planes, trains, ships, construction or farm vehicles, etc.) (IT 130, 133–135, 138)	3	0	0	33200
15.	Fires outside of Structures with Value Involved, but Not Vehicles (outside storage, crops, timber, etc.) (IT 140-141, 161-164, 170-173)	4	0	0	1000
16.	Fires in Brush, Grass, Wildland (excluding crops and timber), with no value involved. (IT 142–143)	27	0		
17.	Fires in Rubbish, Including Dumpsters (outside of structures), with no value involved. (IT 151-154, 155, 150)	31	0	7	
18.	All Other Fires. (IT 353—357, 350, 361—365, 360, 371—372, 370, 300)	5	0	0	50
	TOTALS FOR FIRES	191	0	1	7055043

(Sum	of	lines	13	through	18

	(Sum b) lines 15 through 16)		
19.	Enter the TOTALS FOR FIRES number from the yellow box above	191	
20.	Rescue, Emergency Medical Responses (ambulance, EMS, rescue) (IT 311, 321, 322—331, 351—355, 356—364, 360, 365, 370—372, 381, 300)	7234	
21.	False Alarm Responses (malicious or unintentional false calls, malfunctions, bomb scares) (1711–713, 714–721, 731–735, 736–743, 740–746, 700)	833	
22.	Mutual Aid Responses Given	218	
23a.	Hazardous Materials Responses (spills, leaks, etc.) (IT 410—412, 413—423, 431, 430)	160	
23b.	Other Hazardous Responses (arcing wires, bomb removal, power line down, etc.) (IT 440—461, 460—471, 480—482, 400)	186	
24.	All Other Responses (smoke scares, lock-outs, animal rescues, etc.) (IT 210—223, 220, 231, 241, 240—251, 200, 240—251, 200, 510—522, 531—552, 550—561, 571, 500, 611—622, 631, 632, 641, 650—653, 661—672, 600, 81—815, 800, 911)	2001	
25.	TOTAL FOR ALL INCIDENTS (Sum of lines 19 through 24)	10823	
	Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left empty.		
	ised on what is reported on the previous page in lines 5 and 13 for number of fires, please ressel, or chimney fire that did not spread beyond chimney, or confined trash fires) (IT 113—115,		 _

	Number of	Number of	
5. Residential Fires (line 5 previous page)	Confined Fires	Nonconfined Fires	should ours to 00
3. Residential Files (line 3 previous page)	31	49	should sum to 80
13. Structure Fires (line 13 previous page)	34	F 54	should sum to 88

Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left empty.

PART IV: BREAKDOWN OF FALSE ALARM RESPONSES

Please report separately below a further breakdown on false alarm responses reported previously in **Part III**, item **21 (833)**. If data for this section is "Not Available", please leave empty.

Type of False Alarm

Number of Incidents

1. Malicious, Mischievous False Call (IT 711—713, 714, 715, 710)

2. System Malfunction (IT 731—733, 734—736, 730)

283

		19	
		833	
et Fires In Structures a	nd Vehicles		
Number of Fires	Number of Civilian Fire Casualties (if none, enter 0) Deaths	Number of Civilian Fire Casualties (if none, enter 0) Injuries	Estimated Property Damage and Contents from Fire (\$) (if no loss, enter 0)
121, 0	0	0	0
1	0	0	448
rvice Exposures and Inju	ıries		
meninaitis HIV other) in	2015: (severity 1 cause	4 and object 25	
nermigicis, riiv, ocher, ii	2013. (Severny 1, cause	4, and object 23,	
s, chemicals, fumes, rad	ioactive materials, oth	<i>er)</i> in 2016:	
uty in 2016: (severity 1 (no	ot exposures), and severit	ry 2 thru 6) 1	
-			
	Number of Fires 121, 0 1 1 rvice Exposures and Injuneningitis, HIV, other) in s, chemicals, fumes, radiuty in 2016: (severity 1 (notes)) are Injuries (not exposure).	Number of Fires Number of Fires Deaths 121, 0 0 1 0 Prvice Exposures and Injuries meningitis, HIV, other) in 2015: (severity 1, cause s, chemicals, fumes, radioactive materials, oth	Number of Civilian Fire Casualties (if none, enter 0) Deaths 121, 0 0 0 1 0 0 Prvice Exposures and Injuries meningitis, HIV, other) in 2015: (severity 1, cause 4, and object 25, c, chemicals, fumes, radioactive materials, other) in 2016: 121, o 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Departments using NFIRS 5.0 should include results on cases where severity is 1 (not exposures), and severity is 2 thru 6. Primary apparent symptom (PAS) codes are noted in parenthesis for each category. At non-fire emergencies includes EMS and rescue calls, and hazardous condition calls, while other on-duty includes inspection and maintenance duties.

Nature of Most Serious Injury

	F:	Ductoction	Association
vanonai	FIFE	Protection	ASSOCIATION

		(A) Responding to or Returning from Incidents	(B) At the Fireground	(C) At Non-Fire Emergencies	(D) Training	(E) Other On-Duty		
1.	Burns (PAS 12–15)							
2a.	Smoke or Gas Inhalation (PAS 01, 02)							
2b.	Other Respiratory Distress (PAS 03, 44, 64, 65)							
3.	Burn and Smoke Inhalation (PAS 11)							
4.	Wound, Cut, Bleeding, Bruise (PAS 21–25, 35, 36, 72, 73)		2		2			
5.	Dislocation, Fracture (PAS 31, 32, 63)							
6.	Heart Attack or Stroke (PAS 41, 42, 43)							
7.	Strain, Sprain, Muscular Pain (PAS 33, 34, 98)		1	7	2	4		
8.	Thermal Stress (frostbite, heat exhaustion) (PAS 57, 83–85)							
9.	Other* (PAS All other codes)		1		1			
10.	TOTAL		4	7	5	4		
	*Other (please specify)							
	dehydration, water splash in eye							
	Confirm data is complete, or unavailable for any field(s) above left em	pty.						
	Fireground Injuries By Cause.							
	In the following table, include injuries that occurred at the fireground as reported in Column B on the previous page. Report the number of injuries that occurred at the fireground by cause, based on the initial factor leading to the injury. Departments using NFIRS 5.0 can find cause and object involved in injury codes in parentheses.							
	1. Exposure to Fire Products (cause 4, object 47–49, 53, 64)		0					
	2. Exposure to Chemicals or Radiation (cause 4, object 52, 56)		0			=1		

(if you do not want to Print, click Next to view <u>submit instructions</u>)

PRINT INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) To print all answers to your survey, first click the **Print** button below.
- 2) A new page will load showing your responses.
- 3) Print that page using your browser's print tool.
- 4) Close the page you have printed, then click Next below to move to the Submit page.

Consider posting your results on your Fire Departments website or share with your local government partners.

Print to .pdf to save an electronic version of this report.

— END SURVEY —

Thank you! Your time is much appreciated.

YOU MUST CLICK SUBMIT!

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) Once you click Submit, your responses are final and cannot be changed.
- 2) Click **SUBMIT** below then wait for the NFPA web page to show.
- 3) When the NFPA web page shows, all of your responses have been transmitted and recorded.